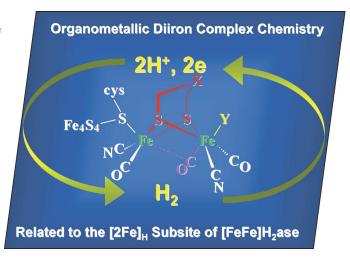




A union formed by chemical societies in Europe (ChemPubSoc Europe) has taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry and the European Journal of Organic Chemistry. Three further members of ChemPubSoc Europe (Austria, Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows a schematic view of the diiron active site of [FeFe] hydrogenases that catalyze the reversible $\mathrm{H^+/H_2}$ conversion. Attempts to have a better understanding of the activity of this natural system and to design new organometallic electrocatalysts for the production of $\mathrm{H_2}$ have allowed new insight into the chemistry of sulfurrich diiron carbonyls. Details are presented in the Microreview by P. Schollhammer et al. on p. 4671 ff.



MICROREVIEW

Hydrogenase Models

Organometallic Diiron Complex Chemistry Related to the [2Fe]_H Subsite of [FeFe]H₂ase

Keywords: Dihydrogen / Hydrogenase / Diiron complexes / Diphosphane / Dithiolate / Hydride / Proton



[2Fe]_H Subsite

The design of new molecules inspired by the active site of [FeFe] hydrogenases is currently a challenging and exciting field of research whose purpose is to achieve efficient bio-inspired catalysts for the production or oxidation of hydrogen through a better understanding of the mechanisms implied at the molecular level.

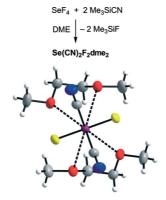
SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

Chalcogene Cyanides

S. Fritz, D. Lentz,* M. Szwak 4683–4686

Synthesis and Structure Determination of Selenium(IV) Cyanides

Keywords: Selenium / Tellurium / Cyanide / Solvation



NMR spectroscopic data and crystal structures of selenium cyanides with selenium in the oxidation state IV are presented and compared with tellurium(IV) cyanides. Quite unexpected the DME solvates of Se(CN)₂F₂ and Te(CN)₂F₂ crystallize isomorphous. The selenium(II) cyanide DME solvate was obtained as decomposition product and characterized by X-ray diffraction.

Metal Hydroperoxides

M. Cheng, W. Song, A. Bakac* 4687–4689

Generation of a Hydroperoxidochromium Complex from Nitratochromium(III) Ions and Hydrogen Peroxide

Keywords: Chromium / Hydroperoxide / Kinetics / Nitrate / Substitution reactions



The reaction of a nitrato complex of chromium(III) with millimolar concentrations of hydrogen peroxide in acidic aqueous solutions generates the corresponding hydroperoxido complex in >60% yield.



FULL PAPERS

Trigonal bipyramidal bis(olefin) amido 18-electron complexes of $\rm Rh^I$ or $\rm Ir^I$ are easily oxidized ($E^\circ_{1/2} \approx -0.55~\rm V$ vs. $\rm Fc^+/Fc$) to give aminyl radical complexes. High-resolution pulse EPR spectroscopy was used to demonstrate that both the $\rm Rh^I$ and $\rm Ir^I$ aminyl complexes have remarkably similar electronic structures (60% of the spin density at the N center, 30% at the metal).

$$\rho = 60\%$$

$$\rho = 30\%$$

$$R^{1}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$M = Rh^{1}, Ir^{1}$$

Aminyl Radical Complexes

N. Donati, D. Stein, T. Büttner, H. Schönberg, J. Harmer, S. Anadaram,

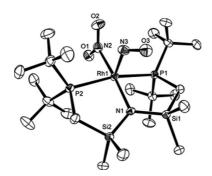
H. Grützmacher* 4691-4703

Rhodium and Iridium Amino, Amido, and Aminyl Radical Complexes

Keywords: Cyclic voltammetry / Iridium / Organometallic compounds / Phosphanes / Reaction mechanisms / Rhodium

Fate of Radicals

This work establishes the fate of binding one radical (NO) to an even-electron rhodium, and shows the primary product of a 1:1 collision to be a member of the growing class of "half-bent" MNO complexes.

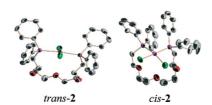


Reactivity of the Radical NO with a Masked Form of 14 Valence Electron (PNP)Rh: Forming Rh(0, I or II)?

Keywords: Homogeneous catalysis / Nitrogen oxides / Pincer ligand / Radical reactions / Redox chemistry

cis-trans Isomerization

An Eyring analysis was carried out on the isomerization of *cis*-[PdCl₂{Ph₂P(CH₂-CH₂O)₃CH₂CH₂PPh₂-P,P'}] (*cis*-1). Crystal structures of *cis*-1, *cis*-2, and *trans*-2, supported our conclusions as to the nature of the isomerization mechanism of the two square-planar metallacrown ethers.



S. B. Owens Jr., D. C. Smith Jr., C. H. Lake, G. M. Gray* 4710–4718

Synthesis, Characterization, and *cis-trans* Isomerization Studies of *cis*-[PdCl₂{Ph₂P-(CH₂CH₂O)₃CH₂CH₂PPh₂-P,P'}] and *trans*-[PtCl₂{Ph₂P(CH₂CH₂O)₃CH₂CH₂PPh₂-P,P'}] Metallacrown Ethers

Keywords: Isomerization / Platinum / Palladium / Crown ethers

¹⁵³Sm(EDTMP) and ⁹⁰Y(EDTMP) are used as bone therapeutic radiopharmaceuticals. The stability and protonation constants of the complexes indicate the presence of the [Sm(HEDTMP)Ca]²⁻ species in a simple plasma model. In the pH range 7–9, Sm(EDTMP) and Y(EDTMP) dissociate much faster than the Sm(EDTA) and Y(EDTA) complexes.



Ln3+: Sm3+ and Y3+

Therapeutic Radiopharmaceuticals

F. K. Kálmán, R. Király,* E. Brücher 4719–4727

Stability Constants and Dissociation Rates of the EDTMP Complexes of Samarium(III) and Yttrium(III)

Keywords: Chelates / Kinetics / Lanthanides / Radiopharmaceuticals / Yttrium

CONTENTS

Bimetallic Cobalt Complexes

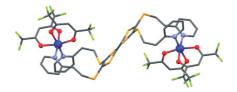
S. I. G. Dias, A. I. S. Neves, S. Rabaça, I. C. Santos,

M. Almeida* 4728-4734



Tetrapyridine and Tetrapyrazine TTF Derivatives: Synthesis, Characterization and Preparation of a Bimetallic Co^{II} Complex

Keywords: Electron donors / Tetrathiafulvalene / Nitrogen ligands / Cobalt / Magnetic studies



A new series of tetrapyridine- and tetrapyrazine-substituted TTF donors were prepared. The synthesis of a new dinuclear Co^{II}-coordination complex with the tetrapyridine TTF donor acting as a bridging ligand demonstrates their potential use in preparing polynuclear complexes and higher hierarchy structures.

Intermetallic Interactions

S. El Ghachtouli, C. Cadiou,

I. Déchamps-Olivier, F. Chuburu,*

M. Aplincourt, T. Roisnel, V. Turcry,

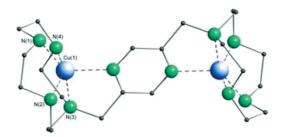
V. Patinec, M. Le Baccon,

H. Handel 4735-4744



Influence of a Pyrazyl Linker on the Physicochemical Properties of Homodinuclear Bis(cyclen) and Bis(cyclam) Complexes

Keywords: Copper / Nickel / Bis(cyclen) ligands / Bis(cyclam) ligands / Electrochemistry



Copper (II) and nickel(II) complexes of bis(cyclen)pyrazine and bis(cyclam)pyrazine have been prepared and character-

ised. A study of their electronic properties has shown that the two macrocyclic subunits behave independently.

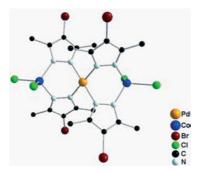
Linear Pyrazolate Compounds

H. N. Miras, H. Zhao, R. Herchel, C. Rinaldi, S. Pérez,

R. G. Raptis* 4745-4755

Synthesis and Characterization of Linear Trinuclear Pd, Co, and Pd/Co Pyrazolate Complexes

Keywords: Heterometallic compounds / Nitrogen heterocycles / Magnetic properties / Palladium / Cobalt



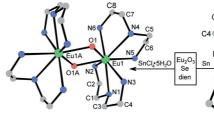
A new family of dinuclear and linear trinuclear Co/Pd pyrazolate compounds has been characterized and a magnetostructural comparison to the corresponding carboxylate analogues is reported.

Lanthanoid Selenidostannates

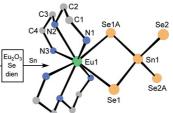


The First Example of the Tetraselenido-stannate Anion $[SnSe_4]^{4-}$ as a Chelating Li-gand to a Lanthanide Complex Ion: Solvothermal Synthesis and Characterization of Lanthanoid Selenidostannates [Hdien]- $[Ln(dien)_2(\mu-SnSe_4)]$ (Ln = Sm, Eu) and $[Eu_2(dien)_4(\mu-OH)_2]Sn_2Se_6$

Keywords: Selenium / Lanthanides / Tin / Solvothermal synthesis / Crystal structure / Thermal stability



The structures of lanthanoid selenidostannates [Hdien][Ln(dien)₂(SnSe₄)] [Ln = Sm (1), Eu (2)] consist of a tetraselenidostannate anion [SnSe₄]⁴⁻ coordinated to a [Ln(dien)₂]³⁺ fragment as a chelating li-

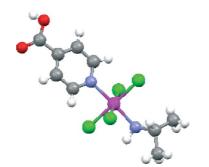


gand. A water molecule, which leads to the formation of dimeric selenidostannate $[Eu_2(dien)_4(\mu\text{-OH})_2]Sn_2Se_6$ (3), prevents the $[SnSe_4]^{4-}$ anion from coordinating to the lanthanide center.



Cytotoxic Pt^{IV} Complexes

New platinum(IV) complexes were synthesized and characterized by single-crystal X-ray diffraction. Their antitumor activity was studied against cell lines that included adenocarcinoma from the human mammary gland (MCF7), human large-cell lung cancer (NCI H460), and central nervous system epithelial cancer (SF268).

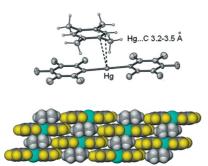


Platinum(IV) Complexes of 3- and 4-Picolinic Acids Containing Ammine or Isopropylamine Ligands — Synthesis, Characterization, X-ray Structures, and Evaluation of Their Cytotoxic Activity against Cancer Cell Lines

Keywords: Platinum(IV) complexes / Platinum / Cytotoxic activity / Picolinic acids / Antitumor agents

Sandwiched Organomercurials

Mononuclear Lewis acids, HgR_2 (e.g. $R = C_6F_4$ -o-X, X = H, F, NO_2) readily form 1:1 or 1:2 adducts, $[HgR_2(arene)]$ or $[HgR_2(arene)]$ with suitable arenes [e.g. 1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene, (TMB) or 1,2,4-trimethoxybenzene (TMO)], characterised by long (weak) Hg-C or Hg-C contacts. Crystal packing of these molecules exhibits stabilising supramolecular synthons such as aligned fluoroarene and/or arene rings and weak C-H-C contacts.



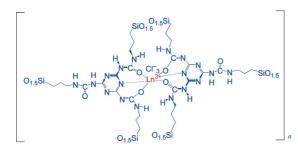
The Supramolecular Architecture of Arene Complexes of Bis(polyfluorophenyl)mercurials

Keywords: Supramolecular / Mercury / Arene / Fluorocarbon

Luminescent Polysilsesquioxanes

Luminescent Triazine-Containing Bridged Polysilsesquioxanes Activated by Lanthanide Ions

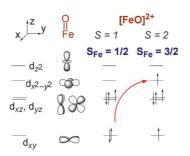
Keywords: Luminescence / Organic-inorganic hybrid composites / Lanthanides / Sol-gel processes / Nitrogen heterocycles



Luminescent lanthanide-complex-bridged polysilsesquioxanes were prepared by solgel processing of a monomer with a large heterocyclic bridging group. The ⁵D₀ quan-

tum efficiency and the number of water molecules coordinated to the Eu³⁺ ion were theoretically estimated.

The low-energy S=1 and S=2 spin states in [FeO]²⁺ can be seen as resulting from an $S_{\rm Fe}=1/2 \rightarrow S_{\rm Fe}=3/2$ transition.



Spin-Dependent [FeO]²⁺ Motifs

F. Banse,* J.-J. Girerd, V. Robert* 4786-4791

Nonheme "Fe^{IV}O" Models: Ab Initio Analysis of the Low-Energy Spin State Electronic Structures

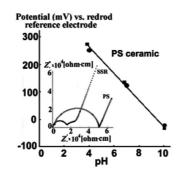
Keywords: Metalloenzymes / Spin states / Ab initio calculations / Spin crossover / Iron

CONTENTS

Lithium-Conducting Niobate

Structural Peculiarities and Electrophysical Properties of Lithium Ion Conducting Lanthanum Niobate Prepared by Solid-State Reaction and Precipitation from Solution

Keywords: Niobate / Solid-state reactions / Conducting materials / Sensors

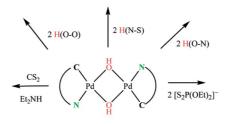


The resistance of grain boundary niobate ceramic is affected by the method of synthesis used. The niobate ceramic obtained by precipitation from solution can be used as a pH sensor with good sensitivity (48 mV/upH) in the pH range from 4 to 10.

Hydroxo Complexes as Precursors

Reactivity Towards Acidic Protic Ligands of Cyclopalladated Di-μ-hydroxo Complexes

Keywords: Cyclometalated palladium(II) complexes / Hydroxo complexes / X-ray studies



N = 2-(2-pyridyl)phenyl 7,8-benzoquinolyl 2-(2-oxazolinyl)phenyl

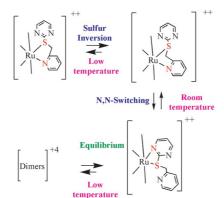
The advantageous use of three Pd^{II} di-µ-hydroxo complexes as precursors containing a cyclometalated backbone is presented. Strong basic treatments were avoided supporting the unique characteristics of such complexes as starting materials in simple acid—base reactions with protic electrophiles or related ligands.

Temperature-Switchable Ligands



Dynamic Stereochemical Behaviour of Congested Ruthenium(II) Complexes Containing Asymmetric Thioether Ligands Based on Pyridine and Pyrimidine

Keywords: Ruthenium / Nitrogen heterocycles / Sulfur / N,S ligands / Bridging ligands



The temperature effect on inversion of the sulfur centre, N,N-switching and dimer—monomer equilibria in the congested octahedral ruthenium(II) complexes $[Ru(N,N-L')_2(L)]^{++}$ [L'=2-dipyridyl sulfide, 2,2'-bis(4-methylpyridyl) sulfide, 2,2'-bis(5-methylpyridyl) sulfide; L=2-pyridylmethyl 2'-pyrimidyl sulfide, 2-(4-methylpyrimidyl) 2'-pyridylmethyl sulfide] was studied by 1H NMR spectroscopy.

CORRECTION

 Coordination and Reduction of HMPA in the Lithiation of (S)-N-(α -Methylbenzyl)-allylamine: Crystal Structures of {(S)- α -[PhC(H)CH₃](CH₂CH=C₂)NLi·HMPA}₂ and [(Me₂N)₂POLi]₆

Keywords: Lithium / Chiral metal amides

Supporting information on the WWW (see article for access details).

If not otherwise indicated in the article, papers in issue 29 were published online on October 6, 2008

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